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SEC. 2. No rabbits, hares, guinea pigs, ducks and geese, live poultry or fowl of any kind shall be kept or maintained in any dwelling house or part thereof, or in any tenement house or yard thereof, nor shall any of the above-mentioned animals or fowls be allowed to run at large, but shall be housed in a suitable house or coop, with an inclosed runway. Such house or coop and runway shall be kept thoroughly clean and unobjectionable at all times, and shall be cleaned at least once in every week, and more often if the health officer shall so require. No part of such house or runway shall be nearer than 30 feet from the doors or windows of any building occupied by human beings, whether for dwelling or business purposes.

SEC. 3. Any person, firm, or corporation who shall be convicted of a violation of this ordinance shall forfeit and pay a penalty of not less than \$5 nor more than \$10 for each and every offense.

All ordinances or parts of ordinances inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed. This ordinance shall take effect on the 1st day of January, 1912.

[Supplement to Sanitary Code adopted Nov. 16, 1911.]

FREEPORT, ILL.

SECOND-HAND CLOTHING, HOUSEHOLD GOODS, AND FURNITURE—PERMITS TO CONDUCT RUMMAGE SALES OF.

SEC. 1. Any charitable or religious organization, or any person of the city of Freeport desiring to conduct a sale of second-hand furniture, household goods, second-hand clothing, and other such articles which such sales are usually known and designated as "rummage sales" shall make application to the health officer of said city for the holding of such sales.

SEC. 2. The health officer shall examine or cause to be examined the articles to be offered for sale, and if the same are not deleterious to the health of the city, he may issue a permit authorizing such organization or person to conduct a sale of the articles inspected by him, which sale in no instance shall be conducted for a longer period than three days.

SEC. 3. Any person or persons conducting a rummage sale within the meaning of this ordinance or anywise connected therewith, without first obtaining a permit therefor, shall be liable to a fine of not less than \$5 nor more than \$100 for each offense.

[Ordinance adopted Feb. 5, 1912.]

OLD RAGS AND PAPER—STORAGE, CLEANING, AND SORTING.

SEC. 1. No person, firm, or corporation shall keep within the built-up portion of the city any building or place for the storage, drying, cleaning, or assorting of old rags or paper, unless the said premises be at least 100 feet from any house, factory, or other building occupied by human beings.

SEC. 2. Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this ordinance shall, upon conviction thereof, be subject to a fine of not less than \$5 nor more than \$50 for each offense and each 24 hours that such violation continues shall constitute a separate offense hereunder.

[Ordinance adopted Feb. 5, 1912.]

HOLLAND, MICH.

COMMUNICABLE DISEASES—NOTIFICATION, PLACARDING, QUARANTINE, BURIAL, DIS-INFECTION.

IV.—To prevent spread of contagious diseases.

Rule 16. It shall be the duty of every owner, agent, and occupant of any dwelling house or other building in which there shall occur a case of diphtheria, scarlet fever, or smallpox, measles, whooping cough, pneumonia, typhoid fever, or consumption, or any communicable disease dangerous to the public health, to immediately give notice thereof to the health officers of this city.

Rule 17. Any physician who may be called to attend a case of any of the aforementioned diseases shall at once report such case to the health officer.

Rule 18. No person sick with any of the diseases specified in Rule 16, nor any clothing or other property that may have been exposed to infection, shall be removed, nor shall any occupant take up residence elsewhere, without the consent and under the direction of the health officer.

Rule 19. Upon receipt of such notice as provided for in Rule No. 16, the board of health, or its officer, whenever in their opinion a disease dangerous to public health exists, will take the necessary measures, by placard, quarantine, and otherwise, to prevent the spread of such disease.

Rule 20. No person shall remove or deface any card or sign from any building or premises which may have been placed there by order of the board of health or the health officer. No occupant of said placarded building or premises shall leave the same, and no person, except the attending physician, nurse, and clergyman, shall enter the same without first obtaining the permission of the board of health or the health officer; provided, that such physician, or clergyman, when called in to a case of scarlet fever, diphtheria, measles, or smallpox, shall wear a contagious-disease gown, the same to be properly disinfected in formaldehyde or bichloride solution after each visit.

Rule 21. In case of death from scarlet fever, diphtheria, measles, or smallpox, body shall be privately conveyed to the cemetery and buried therein without any public funeral services. In such cases burial shall be within 24 hours after death, except when otherwise permitted by health officer.

Rule 22. No person sick with scarlet fever, diphtheria, measles, smallpox, tuberculosis, or any dangerous communicable disease, nor corpse of a person having died from any of the above-named diseases, and no article which has been infected or is liable to convey any such disease shall be brought within the limits of the city without the special permit and direction of the board of health.

Rule 23. In case of recovery or death from any of the aforementioned contagious diseases, the person's clothing, rooms, and all such articles as shall have been exposed to infection shall be disinfected, and all such articles as can not be thoroughly disinfected shall be destroyed by burning.

Rule 24. No house or tenement vacated by a person or persons affected by any of the above-mentioned diseases shall thereafter be reoccupied until it shall have been disinfected by the board of health.

Rule 25. Pulmonary tuberculosis or consumption being regarded by the medical profession as an infectious and communicable disease and dangerous to the public health, it is ordered that every physician in this city attending any person having such disease shall forthwith report the same to the board of health, in the same manner as in the case of other contagious diseases, and every household in whose family a case of pulmonary tuberculosis is known to exist, shall notify the board of health of the removal of the patient from the house or tenement, or of the removal of the family, giving the new address.

[Regulations, board of health, adopted Oct. 2, 1911.]

ORANGE, N. J.

GARBAGE AND REFUSE—CARE OF RECEPTACLES FOR.

11. Each and every can, box, or other receptacle in which garbage or other offensive or decaying household refuse shall be kept at any time or placed in readiness for collection by a scavenger, shall constantly be maintained, by the persons having charge thereof, in a reasonably clean and unoffensive condition. No such can, box, or other receptacle shall, while placed in readiness for collection by a scavenger, be filled to any point higher than the top of the sides of said receptacle. All such receptacles shall at all times when exposed out of doors be securely covered so that the contents thereof will be inaccessible to dogs, cats, and other domestic animals or fowls.

[Ordinance, board of health, adopted Oct. 2, 1911, as a supplement to the sanitary and plumbing code adopted Dec. 1, 1900.]

ST. PAUL, MINN.

COMMUNICABLE DISEASES—DISINFECTION OF WALLS AND CEILINGS.

Sec. 1. It shall be the duty of the commissioner of health of the city of St. Paul, when in his opinion the calcimine, wall paper, or other wall or ceiling covering in any room has become infected with a communicable disease, to order the owner or occupant of, or the person, persons, firm, or corporation in charge of such room to remove said calcimine, wall papering, or other wall or ceiling covering, and every such owner or occupant or such person, firm, or corporation in charge of such room, when so notified, shall immediately remove said calcimine, wall paper, or other wall or ceiling covering.

Sec. 2. Any person, firm, or corporation violating the provisions of this ordinance shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$5 nor more than \$25.

Sec. 3. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

[Ordinance, adopted July 14, 1911.]